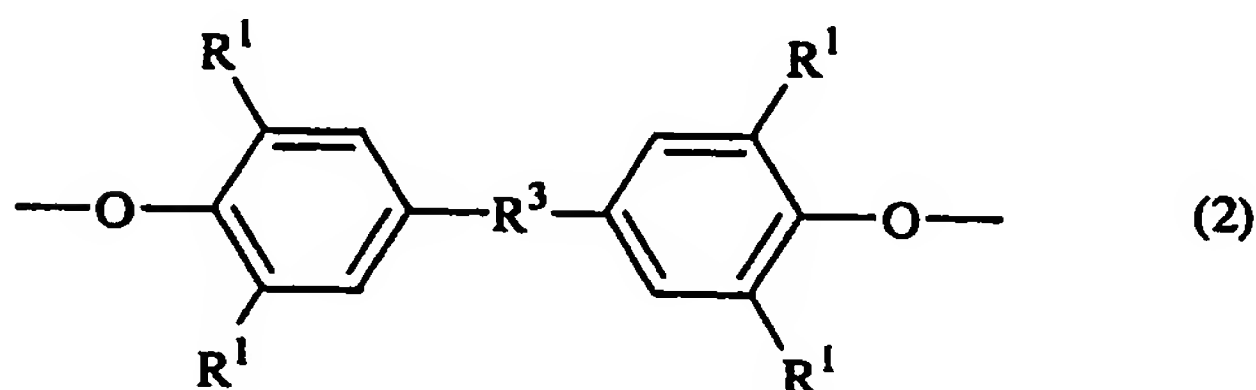
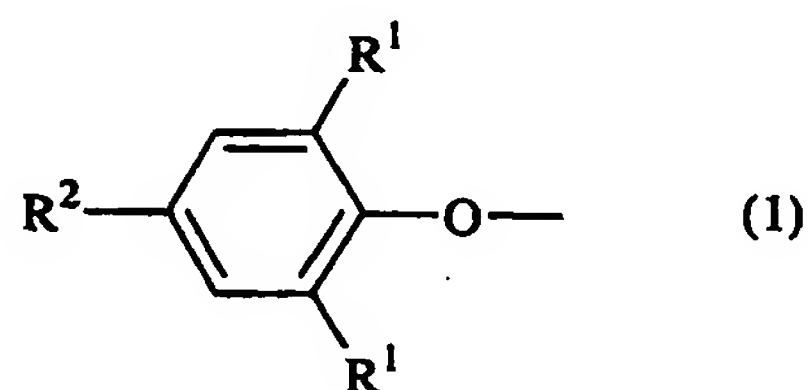


ABSTRACT

A photocurable composition comprising the following components (A) to (D):

(A) at least one of the (meth)acrylates having the structures shown by the formulas (1) and (2),



wherein  $R^1$  represents a hydrogen atom or a halogen atom excluding a fluorine atom,  $R^2$  is a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom excluding a fluorine atom,  $\text{Ph-C(CH}_3)_2\text{-}$ ,  $\text{Ph-}$ , or an alkyl group having 1-20 carbon atoms, and  $R^3$  represents  $\text{-CH}_2\text{-}$ ,  $\text{-S-}$ , or  $\text{-C(CH}_3)_2\text{-}$ ;  
 (B) a (meth)acrylate having three or more functional groups, excluding the (meth)acrylates of the component (A);  
 (C) a radical photoinitiator; and  
 (D) a polycarbonate polyol having a hydroxyl value of 10-100;  
 wherein 5-50 wt% of the total acrylic components in the composition are methacrylate compounds.

A photocurable composition produces a cured product possessing a high refractive index, excelling in heat resistance, showing only a small amount of warping, and being particularly useful as an optical part such as a prism lens sheet.